

Week 10: Learning Project - The Rainforest Online

Age Range: EYFS

Weekly Reading Tasks

Monday- Watch <u>Go Jetters: Amazon Rainforest</u>. Can your child tell you where the tree frog was found? What sound did it make? Which rainforest insect steals the picnic? What happens when the tree frogs aren't there to eat the ants?





Weekly Phonics Tasks

Monday- <u>Daily Phonics</u> - Practise the sounds your child is working on and blend words. This can be oral blending (e.g. spoken out loud c-a-t) or written if appropriate. Make your own bingo boards using this week's keywords – use a hat / gift bag etc to put your flash cards into. Take it in turns to take a word out of the bag and mark off on your bingo board.

Read Write Inc daily Phonics

If your child is in EYFS they should be confident with their Set 1 Speed Sounds and in the process of learning Set 2 Speed Sounds. Some children may be ready for Set 3 sounds in the coming weeks.





Set 3

Set 1, 2 and 3 speed sounds lessons are available online here Your child can record sounds and spellings in their home learning book.

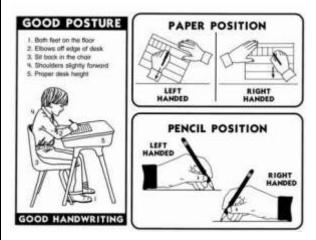
https://www.youtube.com/channel/UCo7fbLgY2oA_cFClg9GdxtQ?fbclid=lwAR2zPh6Yahil_fOxLD_ikMQES-EWj_I_6L8MYTCYYUYMBv-1DePkw5_7--E

Tuesday- Help your child to look through cookery books for a recipe involving cocoa/chocolate. If you have the ingredients, make the sweet treat! Read keywords for this week (see Monday).	Mr Thorne's Geraldine the Giraffe is also another resource the children in EYFS really enjoy. Please use this after the Speed sounds lesson. Start with Season 1- Set 1/Set 2 sounds. https://www.youtube.com/playlist?lis=PLqh11DN6jmbBDo0L-jrbYymq9aTTs8XdW New: You may like to practice blending sounds into words using the flashcards sessions https://www.youtube.com/playlist?list=PLqh11DN6jmbBnG9lxUOrmRUVV_yqKWhr- Tuesday- Think of words to describe the rainforest animals - each word should start with the same letter i.e. mad, munching monkey or large, loving lion. See Monday for weekly resources.
Wednesday- Ask your child to use pictures from a familiar story book to make up their own story or to retell their favourite story. Read keywords for this week (see Monday).	Wednesday- <u>Daily Phonics</u> - Practise the sounds your child is working on and blend words. This can be oral blending (e.g. spoken out loud a-n-t) or written. Play s,a,t,p,i,n read and race to support confidence and fluency- see end of pack. See Monday for weekly resources.
Thursday- Enjoy listening to online stories together including: Slowly Said the Sloth Read keywords for this week (see Monday).	Thursday- Play 'I Spy in the Rainforest'. 'I spy, with my little eye, something beginning with t'. CHALLENGE: Change it to 'I spy, with my little eye, my word includes the digraph ee' - 'Tree'. See Monday for weekly resources.
Friday- Enjoy listening to online stories together including: The Tiger Who Came To Tea. Read keywords for this week (see Monday).	Friday- Play the Word Machine - Ask your child to read each word carefully. Match the correct word to the picture. If you get it right, you will hear a clap. Click 'Next' and have a go at another word. See Monday for weekly resources.
Weekly Writing Tasks	Weekly Maths Tasks- Number Recognition and Counting
Monday- Say or write a list of all the animals you would find in the rainforest. CHALLENGE: Can your child think of an animal for each letter of the alphabet e.g. a=alligator, b=bird.	Monday- Use this tens frame to practise making different amounts. Or, your child can practice making amounts to 10 using different objects from the garden e.g. leaves. White Rose Weekly Maths guidance. White Rose Maths -click for Summer Term guidance.
Tuesday- Click here to watch Go Jetters Amazon Rainforest, South America Talk about the rainforest with your child and ask: What can you see? What can you hear? Ask your child to draw a picture of the rainforest and write a sentence about what they can see or hear.	Tuesday- Encourage your child to think about where we see 6,7,8 in everyday life and make collections of 6,7,8 objects. Draw a part-whole diagrams with one of the parts or the whole missing to represent different ways of making 6, 7 or 8.

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	White Rose Weekly Maths guidance. White Rose Maths -click for Summer Term guidance.
Wednesday- Use this <u>animated letter formation tool</u> to help your child practise letter formation. You can select those they find most challenging. Practise writing your first name and your surname. Practise writing the following letters, can you write them onto a line? r,a,i,n,f,o,r,e,s,t,. Take care with the letter 'f' make sure the 'tail' comes below the line.	Wednesday- Play this Ladybird Spots-Counting, Matching and Ordering Game. You can tailor the difficulty to your child's level. How many legs does the ladybird have? How many spots? Use counters to add 6 spots to the other ladybirds. Can you find more than one way to do it? White Rose Weekly Maths guidance. White Rose Maths -click for Summer Term guidance.
Thursday- Using the story The Tiger Who Came To Tea, draw a picture of the tiger and label the picture using words to describe him e.g. stripy fur, sharp teeth.	Thursday Go on a mini beast hunt. How many legs can you see? Make drawings of the creatures you find. How many legs did you find? Try writing you own number sentences to represent the total numbers of legs. e.g 1 spider plus 1 ladybird = ?? legs
Friday- Ask your child to create a rainforest animal mask then talk about the sounds that different animals make. CHALLENGE: Can they write a sentence to describe the animal e.g. I like the monkey. He is cheeky. He jumps in the trees.	Friday- Use a teddy and count forwards and backwards making deliberate mistakes. Can your child spot the mistakes? Mistakes can include omitted numbers, repeated numbers or a number in the wrong place. CHALLENGE: Ask your child to spot the mistake when the numbers are written down. White Rose Weekly Maths guidance. White Rose Maths -click for Summer Term guidance.

Handwriting – to be completed daily (10 minutes)

Remember to ensure that your child sits properly for handwriting purposes.





This week's focus is to practice writing numbers accurately.

Use the ditty explanation next to these numbers to help your child remember the formations.

Different ideas to develop handwriting skills:



Useful ideas to enhance fine motor skills:



Learning Project - to be done throughout the week

The project this week aims to provide opportunities for your child to learn more about the world's rainforests. Learning may focus on the plants, animals and insects that inhabit the rainforest, food that originates there and weather patterns. It could look at plants and animals that can be found in the garden too.

Which Animals Live in the Rainforest?

- Watch this <u>video</u> about animals in the rainforest. Can your child tell you about some of the animals that live in the rainforest? Can they remember any facts? Can they describe the animals?.
- Ask your child to make their own explorers outfit (e.g. binoculars, sunhat, backpack) and head out to the garden or on your daily walk. What creatures can your child find? Are they similar to any you might see in the rainforest? Take photographs.



Draw or paint a picture of a Rainforest Animal

- Ask your child to draw or paint a picture of a rainforest animal.
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Play the Animal Jungle Quiz

- Listen to the clues. Can you match the clue to the correct animal?
- Click here to create your own jungle. Drag the animals onto the picture. Where do you think the animals should go? Why? i.e. on the ground, in the trees...

Make a Collage of a Rainforest Animal

• Use collage to create your own rainforest animal using recycled materials from around the house.



Make an Animal Home

• Create an animal home e.g. a bug hotel using things from the garden. Use a plastic tub or cardboard box. Ask your child what the animal will need in the home in order to survive.

STEM Learning Opportunities #sciencefromhome

Rainforest Materials

• A rainforest has lots of tall trees and grows in warm countries that have a lot of rain. People use the wood from the trees to make paper and furniture. They also take lots of ingredients like sugar and oil to make food. Here you can find a list of food and ingredients that grow in rainforests.

What plants can we find in the garden? Can you name the different parts of a plant? Stem, leaves, branches, roots, flower? Try using some of the material found in your garden to make something useful. For example, a nature paint brush.



Mindfulness - Helping your child to have some focused mindfulness time is a great way to help them cope with any difficult feelings or emotions that they might be experiencing at the moment. Mindfulness activities also contribute to brain health and general wellbeing. Start with short amounts of time and build up as your child develops the ability to be still, calm and quiet.

You can use this <u>rainforest music</u> or sit outside in the garden with the sound of nature around you as your focus. Have your child sit or lie down in a comfortable position with their eyes closed. They might like to use a snuggly blanket, a cuddle toy or a cushion so that they feel cosy, safe and relaxed. Ask them to close their eyes and say still. All they need to do is listen to the music / sounds of nature. If any thoughts pop into their head, you can tell them that the thoughts are just like clouds and float away. Every time a thought comes along, just let it float away like a cloud and continue listening to the sounds. You can do this for 2 or 3 minutes every day, or for as long as your child feels able to focus.

Additional learning resources parents may wish to engage with

White Rose Weekly Maths White Rose Maths -click for Summer Term guidance

Numbots. Your child can access this programme with their school login.

IXL Click on Maths, Reception. There are interactive games to play and guides for parents.

Talk for Writing Home-school Booklets are an excellent resource to support your child's speaking and listening, reading and writing skills.

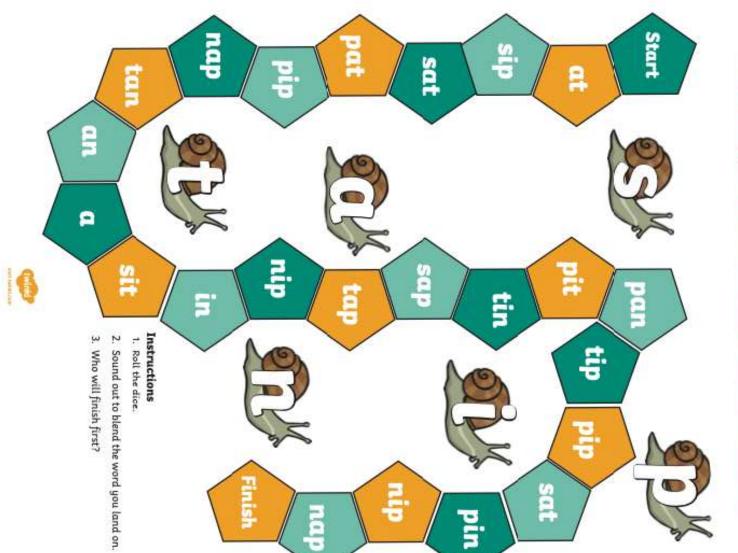
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Hunters and Killers

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Red-Kneed Tarantula

As well as dry rocky places, the red-kneed tarantula lives in humid forests. During the day, it stuys in its silk-lined burrow. After dark, it emerges to hunt for large insects or small invertebrates. It injects prey with venom that quickly causes paralysis.

The teopard hunts by teoping on prey from bove and killing it with a bits to the throat or neck

Nils Crocudile

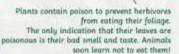
Lurking unseen in the water, crocodiles are apable of surprising bursts of speed as they lungs forwards to grate a drinking nimal by the muzzle. They kill their catch dragging it underwater until

1.37 ST (アンタスクリカラの) (日本の)

Hidden Dangers

Lurking in the depths of the jungle, are animals and plants equipped with lethal, foul-tasting poisons. They either make the poison themselves or use what is in their food. Animals advertise that they are dangerous with bright colours.

Venomous creatures, such as snakes and spiders, need powerful venom to subdue prey that might inflict injury during







Predators have very acute senses. Predators who hunt during the day rely on their brilliant eyesight to find prey. Necturnal hunters use other skills such as hearing and small or the ubility to detect wihrmtimes made buoperpaching animals.

Prey animals have their own defences and means of avoiding capture, such as comou/lags.

Disguise and Warning

Animals and insects use campuflage in an effort to avoid being eaten. Colour and shape either make an animal indistinguishable from its background or trick a predator into thinking it is dealing with something larger and more dangerous.

Some animals have colours and patterns that closely match their background. Some patterns seem bold and conspicuous but actually break up the animal's outline, making it impossible to see against the mosaic of leaves and twigs.

Another kind of camouflage is minicry, with insects looking like twigs, bark and leaves. The disguise of many insects is so good, rather than wasting their time looking for them, flocks of birds just wave through the forest. Whatever small creatures one bird knocks off, the bird behind snaps up.

Disguise and Warning

Camouflage cut

Light-coloured fur with dark stripes, spots or blotches imitates the dappled effect of sunlight in the dense vegetation of the rainforest. Tigers rely on their ability & to remain unseen as they stalk their prey.

Poison arrow frog

The bright colours of this frog warn other animals that it is poisonous



Many butterflies have vivid patterns to warn predators that they taste unpleasant. Some harmless butterflies copy the appearance of bad tasting ones to trick predators into leaving them alone.



African Giant Swallowtail

avoided by all its enemies.

This is an enormous butterfly, it can

have a wingspan up to 10 inches. It

is very poisonous and is completely

Among the Branches

国際の関係を対して、クサンクログターの表現では当日

Under the tree tops canopy, the vines wind among the tree branches. Everything that lives here has to be an expert climber.

They move very slowly. They hand underneath branches, hooked on by their long curved claws. Slaths are rarely the right way up. Tiny plants live right inside the hairs on a sloth, this helps to make them hard to see among the leaves.

Some animals can glide from tree to tree instead of leaping. Gliders are easy targets for birds so many of them are patterned to blend in with their surroundings. Most of them only come out at night.

Flying Squirrets

They sleep in the day in tree holes. They can glide as for an 100 metres between trees. At dusk, they climb into the tree tops to feed on plant shoots, leaves and nuts.

The cobra is very poisonous. It hunts at dusk and in the early morning. Its front fangs inject a highly toxic venom. The poison is also fatal to people. When threatened, cobras rear up.

Poison Plant

If a plant loses all its leaves, it is unable to take in carbon diaxide and make food. The leaves of the climbing "passion flower" plant contain several poisonous chemicals. Mammals will not eat it.

Hidden Dangers

hiss and puff out

their hood.